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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

1. Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General wishes to submit hereunder the list of items of which the Security Council is currently seized, with references in parentheses to the previous summary statements that have been issued covering consideration of each item.

2. It will be recalled that in the interest of economy the Secretary-General reproduces only once annually the full, up-to-date list of items of which the Security Council is seized. In fulfilment of his responsibility under rule 11, an addendum to the basic list is issued weekly, making reference to those items on which further action has been taken by the Council during the week covered or indicating that there has been no change during that period.

3. The last full summary statement (S/22110) was issued on 28 January 1991. The last weekly addendum (S/22110/Add.51) covered developments through 28 December 1991. Since that date, that is during the week ending 4 January 1992, the Security Council took action on the following item:

The situation concerning Western Sahara (see S/11593/Add.42, S/11593/Add.44, S/19420/Add.38, S/21100/Add.25 and S/22110/Add.17)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3025th meeting, held on 31 December 1991, having before it the report of the Secretary-General dated 19 December 1991 on the situation concerning Western Sahara (S/23299), submitted in accordance with paragraph 6 of Security Council resolution 690 (1991).

The President drew attention to draft resolution S/23330, which had been prepared in the course of the Council's consultations.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23330 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 725 (1991).

Resolution 725 (1991) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Reaffirming its resolutions 621 (1988), 658 (1990) and 690 (1991),

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the situation concerning Western Sahara (S/23299),

Noting with concern the difficulties and delays encountered in the implementation of the Settlement Plan regarding the question of Western Sahara, as adopted by resolutions 658 (1990) and 690 (1991),

1. Approves the efforts of the Secretary-General for the organization and the supervision, by the United Nations in cooperation with the Organization of African Unity, of a referendum for self-determination of the people of Western Sahara and therefore welcomes the report of the Secretary-General on the situation concerning Western Sahara (S/23299);

2. Reiterates its support for further efforts by the Secretary-General for the organization and the supervision, by the United Nations in cooperation with the Organization of African Unity, of a referendum for self-determination of the people of Western Sahara in conformity with resolutions 658 (1990) and 690 (1991) by which the Council adopted the Settlement Plan for Western Sahara;

3. Calls upon the two parties to cooperate fully with the Secretary-General in the implementation of his Settlement Plan, which has been accepted by them;

4. Invites the Secretary-General to submit a further report to the Security Council as soon as possible but in any event within two months of the date of passage of this resolution.

4. As at 1 January 1992, the list of matters of which the Security Council is seized is as follows:

1. Special agreements under Article 43 of the Charter and the organization of the armed forces to be made available to the Security Council (see S/7382)

2. Rules of procedure of the Security Council (see S/7382 and S/8981)

3. Statute and rules of procedure of the Military Staff Committee (see S/7382)

4. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on the armed forces of the United Nations (see S/7382)

5. The Egyptian question (see S/7382)

6. Voting procedure in the Security Council (see S/7382)

7. Reports on the strategic Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the resolution of the Security Council of 7 March 1949 (see S/7382)

8. Admission of new Members (see S/7382, S/7564, S/8301, S/8555, S/8815, S/8896, S/9961, S/10121, S/10296, S/10327, S/10351, S/10462, S/10762, S/10770/Add.1, S/10855/Add.25, S/10855/Add.29, S/11185/Add.22, S/11185/Add.23, S/11185/Add.24, S/11185/Add.31, S/11185/Add.32, S/11593/Add.31, S/11593/Add.32, S/11593/Add.33, S/11593/Add.38, S/11593/Add.39, S/11593/Add.41, S/11593/Add.48, S/11935/Add.25, S/11935/Add.33, S/11935/Add.36, S/11935/Add.45, S/11935/Add.46, S/11935/Add.47, S/11935/Add.48, S/12269/Add.27, S/12269/Add.29, S/12520/Add.32, S/12520/Add.48, S/13033/Add.36, S/13737/Add.7, S/13737/Add.30, S/14326/Add.27, S/14326/Add.38, S/14326/Add.45, S/15560/Add.38, S/16270/Add.7, S/21100/Add.15, S/21100/Add.32, S/22110/Add.31 and S/22110/Add.36)

9. The Palestine question (see S/7382, S/7441, S/7452, S/7564, S/7570, S/7596 and S/7600)

10. The India-Pakistan question (see S/7382)

11. The Czechoslovak question (see S/7382)

12. The Hyderabad question (see S/7382)

13. Identical notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America to the Secretary-General (see S/7382)

14. International control of atomic energy (see S/7382)

15. Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan (Formosa) (see S/7382)

16. Complaint of bombing by air forces of the territory of China (see S/7382)

17. Question of an appeal to States to accede to and ratify the Geneva Protocol of 1925 for the prohibition of the use of bacterial weapons (see S/7382)

18. Question of a request for investigation of alleged bacterial warfare (see S/7382)

19. Letter dated 29 May 1954 from the acting representative of Thailand to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

20. Cablegram dated 19 June 1954 from the Minister of External Relations of Guatemala addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

21. Letter dated 8 September 1954 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

22. Letter dated 28 January 1955 from the representative of New Zealand addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of hostilities in the area of certain islands off the coast of the mainland of China; letter dated 30 January 1955 from the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning the question of acts of aggression by the United States of America against the People's Republic of China in the area of Taiwan and other islands of China (see S/7382)

23. Situation created by the unilateral action of the Egyptian Government in bringing to an end the system of international operation of the Suez Canal which was confirmed and completed by the Suez Canal Convention of 1888 (see S/7382)

24. Actions against Egypt by some Powers, particularly France and the United Kingdom, which constitute a danger to international peace and security and are serious violations of the Charter of the United Nations (see S/7382)

25. The situation in Hungary (see S/7382)

26. Military assistance rendered by the Egyptian Government to the rebels in Algeria (see S/7382)

27. Letter dated 30 October 1956 from the representative of Egypt addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

28. Letter dated 20 February 1958 from the representative of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General (see S/7382)

29. Complaint of the representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in a letter to the President of the Security Council dated 18 April 1958 entitled: "Urgent measures to put an end to flights by United States military aircraft with atomic and hydrogen bombs in the direction of the frontiers of the Soviet Union" (see S/7382)

30. Report by the Secretary-General on the letter received from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of Laos, transmitted by a note from the Permanent Mission of Laos to the United Nations, 4 September 1959 (see S/7382)

31. Letter dated 25 March 1960 from the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Ceylon, Ethiopia, the Federation of Malaya, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Morocco, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines,

Saudi Arabia, the Sudan, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, the United Arab Republic and Yemen addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

32. Cable dated 18 May 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

33. Letter dated 23 May 1960 from the representatives of Argentina, Ceylon, Ecuador and Tunisia addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

34. Letter dated 13 July 1960 from the Secretary-General of the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

35. Letter dated 11 July 1960 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

36. Letter dated 31 December 1960 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the Minister for External Affairs of Cuba (see S/7382)

37. Letter dated 26 May 1961 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Afghanistan, Burma, Cambodia, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Ceylon, Chad, the Congo (Brazzaville), the Congo (Leopoldville), Cyprus, Dahomey, Ethiopia, Federation of Malaya, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, the Ivory Coast, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Nepal, Nigeria, Pakistan, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Somalia, the Sudan, Togo, Tunisia, the United Arab Republic, the Upper Volta, Yemen and Yugoslavia (see S/7382)

38. Complaint by Kuwait in respect of the situation arising from the threat by Iraq to the territorial independence of Kuwait, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security. Complaint by the Government of the Republic of Iraq in respect of the situation arising out of the armed threat by the United Kingdom to the independence and security of Iraq, which is likely to endanger the maintenance of international peace and security (see S/7382)

39. Letter dated 21 November 1961 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

40. Letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council; letter dated 22 October 1962 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba addressed to the President of the Security

Council; letter dated 23 October 1962 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

41. Telegram dated 5 May 1963 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Haiti to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

42. Reports of the Secretary-General to the Security Council concerning developments relating to Yemen (see S/7382)

43. Question concerning the situation in Territories under Portuguese administration (see S/7382, S/10770/Add.13 and S/10770/Add.14)

44. The question of race conflict in South Africa resulting from the policies of apartheid of the Government of the Republic of South Africa (see S/7382, S/9878 and S/9890)

45. Letter dated 10 January 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Panama addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

46. Letter dated 1 April 1964 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Yemen, Chargé d'affaires a.i., addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

47. Complaint concerning acts of aggression against the territory and civilian population of Cambodia (see S/7382)

48. Letter dated 4 August 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

49. Letter dated 5 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council and letter dated 8 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Greece addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

50. Letter dated 6 September 1964 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

51. Letter dated 1 December 1964 addressed to the President of the Security Council from the representatives of Afghanistan, Algeria, Burundi, Cambodia, the Central African Republic, the Congo (Brazzaville), Dahomey, Ethiopia, Ghana, Guinea, Indonesia, Kenya, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Somalia, the Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, the United Arab Republic, Yugoslavia and Zambia (see S/7382)

52. Letter dated 9 December 1964 from the Permanent Representative of the Democratic Republic of the Congo addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

53. Letter dated 1 May 1965 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

54. Letter dated 31 January 1966 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7382)

55. Letter dated 2 August 1966 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/7452, S/7458 and S/7468)

56. The situation in the Middle East (see S/7913, S/7923, S/7976, S/8000, S/8048, S/8066, S/8215, S/8242, S/8252, S/8269, S/8502, S/8525, S/8534, S/8564, S/8575, S/8584, S/8595, S/8747, S/8753, S/8807, S/8815, S/8828, S/8836, S/8885, S/8896, S/8960, S/9123, S/9135, S/9319, S/9382, S/9395, S/9406, S/9427 and Corr.1, S/9449, S/9452, S/9805, S/9812, S/9930, S/10327, S/10341, S/10554, S/10557, S/10703, S/10721, S/10729, S/10743, S/10770/Add.4, S/10855/Add.15, S/10855/Add.16, S/10855/Add.23, S/10855/Add.24, S/10855/Add.29, S/10855/Add.30, S/10855/Add.33, S/10855/Add.41, S/10855/Add.43, S/10855/Add.44, S/11185/Add.14, S/11185/Add.15, S/11185/Add.16, S/11185/Add.21, S/11185/Add.42/Rev.1, S/11185/Add.47, S/11593/Add.15, S/11593/Add.21, S/11593/Add.29, S/11593/Add.42, S/11593/Add.49, S/11935/Add.21, S/11935/Add.42, S/11935/Add.48, S/12269/Add.12, S/12269/Add.13, S/12269/Add.21, S/12269/Add.42, S/12269/Add.48, S/12520/Add.10, S/12520/Add.11, S/12520/Add.17, S/12520/Add.21, S/12520/Add.37, S/12520/Add.39, S/12520/Add.42, S/12520/Add.47, S/12520/Add.48, S/13033/Add.2, S/13033/Add.16, S/13033/Add.19, S/13033/Add.21, S/13033/Add.23, S/13033/Add.34, S/13033/Add.47, S/13033/Add.50, S/13737/Add.15, S/13737/Add.16, S/13737/Add.21, S/13737/Add.24, S/13737/Add.25, S/13737/Add.26, S/13737/Add.33, S/13737/Add.47, S/13737/Add.50, S/14326/Add.10, S/14326/Add.11, S/14326/Add.20, S/14326/Add.24, S/14326/Add.28, S/14326/Add.29, S/14326/Add.47, S/14326/Add.50, S/14840/Add.8, S/14840/Add.21, S/14840/Add.22, S/14840/Add.23, S/14840/Add.24, S/14840/Add.25, S/14840/Add.27, S/14840/Add.30, S/14840/Add.31, S/14840/Add.32, S/14840/Add.33, S/14840/Add.37, S/14840/Add.42, S/14840/Add.48, S/15560/Add.3, S/15560/Add.21, S/15560/Add.29, S/15560/Add.37, S/15560/Add.42, S/15560/Add.45, S/15560/Add.47, S/15560/Add.48, S/16270/Add.6, S/16270/Add.7, S/16270/Add.8, S/16270/Add.15, S/16270/Add.20, S/16270/Add.21, S/16270/Add.34, S/16270/Add.35, S/16270/Add.40, S/16270/Add.47, S/16880/Add.8, S/16880/Add.9, S/16880/Add.10, S/16880/Add.15, S/16880/Add.20, S/16880/Add.21, S/16880/Add.41, S/16880/Add.46, S/17725/Add.2, S/17725/Add.15, S/17725/Add.21, S/17725/Add.28, S/17725/Add.35, S/17725/Add.38, S/17725/Add.43, S/17725/Add.47, S/18570/Add.2,

S/18570/Add.21, S/18570/Add.30, S/18570/Add.47, S/19420/Add.2, S/19420/Add.3, S/19420/Add.4, S/19420/Add.18, S/19420/Add.19, S/19420/Add.22 and Corr.1, S/19420/Add.30, S/19420/Add.48, S/19420/Add.50, S/20370/Add.4, S/20370/Add.12, S/20370/Add.16, S/20370/Add.21, S/20370/Add.30, S/20370/Add.32, S/20370/Add.37, S/20370/Add.44, S/20370/Add.46, S/20370/Add.47, S/20370/Add.51, S/21100/Add.4, S/21100/Add.21, S/21100/Add.30, S/21100/Add.47, S/22110/Add.4, S/22110/Add.21, S/22110/Add.30 and S/22110/Add.47)

57. The situation in Namibia (see S/8367, S/8424, S/8428, S/8438, S/8450, S/8468, S/9107, S/9373, S/9382, S/9395, S/9636, S/9898, S/10351, S/10369, S/10375, S/10377, S/10757, S/10770/Add.15, S/10770/Add.16, S/10855/Add.3, S/10855/Add.50, S/11185/Add.50, S/11593/Add.21, S/11593/Add.22, S/11935/Add.4, S/11935/Add.35, S/11935/Add.39, S/11935/Add.40, S/11935/Add.41, S/11935/Add.42, S/12520/Add.29, S/12520/Add.38, S/12520/Add.43, S/12520/Add.44, S/12520/Add.45, S/12520/Add.48, S/14326/Add.4, S/14326/Add.16, S/14326/Add.17, S/15560/Add.21, S/15560/Add.22, S/15560/Add.42, S/15560/Add.43, S/16880/Add.23, S/16880/Add.24, S/16880/Add.45, S/18570/Add.14, S/18570/Add.43, S/19420/Add.39, S/20370/Add.2, S/20370/Add.6, S/20370/Add.32, S/20370/Add.33, S/20370/Add.34, S/20370/Add.43 and S/20370/Add.46)

58. Letter dated 25 January 1968 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/8367)

59. Letter dated 21 May 1968 from the Permanent Representative a.i. of Haiti addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/8612)

60. Letter dated 12 June 1968 from the Permanent Representatives of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/8652)

61. Letter dated 21 August 1968 from the representatives of Canada, Denmark, France, Paraguay, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/8778)

62. Complaint by Zambia (see S/10369, S/10375, S/10855/Add.5, S/10855/Add.10, S/12520/Add.10 and S/13033/Add.46)

63. Letter dated 18 August 1969 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/9397 and S/9427 and Corr.1)

64. Complaint by Guinea (see S/9577, S/9583, S/10006, S/10028, S/10038, S/10285, S/10301, S/10351 and S/10435)

65. The question of initiating periodic meetings of the Security Council in accordance with Article 28, paragraph 2, of the Charter (see S/9837)

66. The situation created by increasing incidents involving hijacking of commercial aircraft (see S/9937)

67. The situation in the India/Pakistan subcontinent (see S/10435, S/10462, S/10471 and S/10479)

68. Letter dated 3 December 1971 from the Permanent Representatives of Algeria, Iraq, the Libyan Arab Republic and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/10462)

69. Request of the Organization of African Unity concerning the holding of meetings of the Council in an African capital (operative para. 2 of General Assembly resolution 2863 (XXVI)) (see S/10513 and S/10526)

70. Consideration of questions relating to Africa with which the Security Council is currently seized and implementation of its relevant resolutions (see S/10531 and S/10534)

71. Consideration of measures for the maintenance and strengthening of international peace and security in Latin America in conformity with the provisions and principles of the Charter (see S/10855/Add.11 and S/10855/Add.12)

72. Complaint by Cuba (see S/10855/Add.38)

73. Arrangements for the proposed Peace Conference on the Middle East (see S/10855/Add.50)

74. Complaint by Iraq concerning incidents on its frontier with Iran (see S/11185/Add.6, S/11185/Add.7, S/11185/Add.8 and S/11185/Add.21)

75. The situation in Cyprus (see S/11185/Add.28, S/11185/Add.29, S/11185/Add.32, S/11185/Add.34, S/11185/Add.49, S/11593/Add.7, S/11593/Add.8, S/11593/Add.9, S/11593/Add.10, S/11593/Add.23, S/11593/Add.24, S/11593/Add.49, S/11935/Add.23, S/11935/Add.24, S/11935/Add.50, S/12269/Add.24, S/12269/Add.35, S/12269/Add.36, S/12269/Add.37, S/12269/Add.50, S/12520/Add.23, S/12520/Add.45, S/12520/Add.47, S/12520/Add.49, S/13033/Add.23, S/13033/Add.49, S/13737/Add.23, S/13737/Add.49, S/14326/Add.22, S/14326/Add.50, S/14840/Add.24, S/14840/Add.50, S/15560/Add.24, S/15560/Add.46, S/15560/Add.50, S/16270/Add.17, S/16270/Add.18, S/16270/Add.23, S/16270/Add.49, S/16880/Add.23, S/16880/Add.37, S/16880/Add.49, S/17725/Add.23, S/17725/Add.49, S/18570/Add.23, S/18570/Add.50,

S/19420/Add.24, S/19420/Add.50, S/20370/Add.22, S/20370/Add.49, S/21100/Add.10, S/21100/Add.23, S/21100/Add.28, S/21100/Add.49, S/21100/Add.50, S/22110/Add.23, S/22110/Add.40, S/22110/Add.49 and S/22110/Add.51)

76. Relationship between the United Nations and South Africa (see S/11185/Add.41, S/11185/Add.42/Rev.1 and S/11185/Add.43)

77. The situation concerning Western Sahara (see S/11593/Add.42, S/11593/Add.44, S/19420/Add.38, S/21100/Add.25 and S/22110/Add.17)

78. The situation in Timor (see S/11593/Add.50, S/11593/Add.51, S/11935/Add.15 and S/11935/Add.16)

79. The Middle East problem including the Palestinian question (see S/11935/Add.2, S/11935/Add.3, S/11935/Add.4 and S/16880/Add.40)

80. The situation in the Comoros (see S/11935/Add.5)

81. Communications from France and Somalia concerning the incident of 4 February 1976 (see S/11935/Add.7)

82. Request by the Libyan Arab Republic and Pakistan for consideration of the serious situation arising from recent developments in the occupied Arab territories (see S/11935/Add.12)

83. Complaint by Kenya, on behalf of the African Group of States at the United Nations, concerning the act of aggression committed by South Africa against the People's Republic of Angola (see S/11935/Add.12 and S/11935/Add.13)

84. The situation in the occupied Arab territories (see S/11935/Add.18, S/11935/Add.19, S/11935/Add.20, S/11935/Add.21, S/11935/Add.44, S/11935/Add.45, S/13033/Add.9, S/13033/Add.10, S/13033/Add.11, S/13033/Add.28, S/13737/Add.7, S/13737/Add.8, S/13737/Add.18, S/13737/Add.20, S/13737/Add.22, S/13737/Add.50, S/14326/Add.50, S/14840/Add.1, S/14840/Add.2, S/14840/Add.3, S/14840/Add.4, S/14840/Add.12, S/14840/Add.13, S/14840/Add.15, S/14840/Add.16, S/14840/Add.45, S/15560/Add.6, S/15560/Add.7, S/15560/Add.20, S/15560/Add.30, S/15560/Add.31, S/16880/Add.36, S/17725/Add.3, S/17725/Add.4, S/17725/Add.48, S/17725/Add.49, S/18570/Add.49, S/18570/Add.50, S/18570/Add.51, S/19420/Add.1, S/19420/Add.2, S/19420/Add.4, S/19420/Add.5, S/19420/Add.13, S/19420/Add.15, S/20370/Add.5, S/20370/Add.6, S/20370/Add.22, S/20370/Add.26, S/20370/Add.34, S/20370/Add.44, S/21100/Add.10, S/21100/Add.12, S/21100/Add.17, S/21100/Add.20, S/21100/Add.39, S/21100/Add.40, S/21100/Add.42, S/21100/Add.44, S/21100/Add.45, S/21100/Add.48, S/21100/Add.49, S/21100/Add.50, S/22110, S/22110/Add.12 and S/22110/Add.20)

85. The question of the exercise by the Palestinian people of its inalienable rights (see S/11935/Add.23, S/11935/Add.24, S/11935/Add.25, S/11935/Add.26, S/12269/Add.43, S/13033/Add.25, S/13033/Add.29, S/13033/Add.33, S/13737/Add.13, S/13737/Add.14 and S/13737/Add.17)

86. Situation in South Africa: killings and violence by the apartheid regime in South Africa in Soweto and other areas (see S/11935/Add.24)

87. Complaint by the Prime Minister of Mauritius, current Chairman of the Organization of African Unity, of the "act of aggression" by Israel against the Republic of Uganda (see S/11935/Add.27 and S/11935/Add.28)

88. Complaint by Zambia against South Africa (see S/11935/Add.30 and S/13737/Add.14)

89. Complaint by Greece against Turkey (see S/11935/Add.32 and S/11935/Add.34)

90. Complaint by Lesotho against South Africa (see S/11935/Add.51, S/12269/Add.21, S/14840/Add.50, S/15560/Add.26 and S/17725)

91. Complaint by Benin (see S/12269/Add.6, S/12269/Add.14, S/12269/Add.15 and S/12269/Add.47)

92. The question of South Africa (see S/12269/Add.12, S/12269/Add.13, S/12269/Add.43, S/12269/Add.44, S/12269/Add.49, S/12520/Add.4, S/13033/Add.13, S/13033/Add.37, S/13737/Add.23, S/13737/Add.50, S/14326/Add.5, S/14326/Add.34, S/14326/Add.50, S/14840/Add.14, S/14840/Add.38, S/14840/Add.49, S/15560/Add.23, S/16270/Add.1, S/16270/Add.32, S/16270/Add.42, S/16270/Add.49, S/16880/Add.9, S/16880/Add.10, S/16880/Add.29, S/16880/Add.33, S/17725/Add.23, S/17725/Add.47, S/18570/Add.7, S/19420/Add.9, S/19420/Add.10, S/19420/Add.11, S/19420/Add.24 and S/19420/Add.47)

93. Complaint by Angola against South Africa (see S/12520/Add.17, S/13033/Add.11, S/13033/Add.12, S/13033/Add.43, S/13737/Add.25, S/14326/Add.34, S/14326/Add.35, S/15560/Add.50, S/15560/Add.51, S/16270, S/16880/Add.24, S/16880/Add.37, S/16880/Add.39, S/16880/Add.40, S/16880/Add.48, S/17725/Add.24, S/18570/Add.46, S/18570/Add.47 and S/18570/Add.51)

94. Telegram dated 3 January 1979 from the Deputy Prime Minister in charge of Foreign Affairs of Democratic Kampuchea addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/13033/Add.1 and S/13033/Add.2)

95. The situation in South-East Asia and its implications for international peace and security. [Letter dated 22 February 1979

from the representatives of Norway, Portugal, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the President of the Security Council] (see S/13033/Add.7, S/13033/Add.8 and S/13033/Add.10)

96. Letters dated 13 June 1979 and 15 June 1979 from the Permanent Representative of Morocco to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/13033/Add.24)

97. Letter dated 25 November 1979 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/13033/Add.47 and S/13033/Add.48)

98. Letter dated 22 December 1979 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/13033/Add.51, S/13737, S/13737/Add.1 and S/13737/Add.2)

99. Letter dated 3 January 1980 addressed to the President of the Security Council by the representatives of Australia, the Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Denmark, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Fiji, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malaysia, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Portugal, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Thailand, Turkey, Uganda, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the United States of America, Uruguay and Venezuela (see S/13737 and S/13737/Add.1)

100. Letter dated 1 September 1980 from the Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/13737/Add.35 and S/14326/Add.30)

101. The situation between Iran and Iraq (see S/13737/Add.38, S/13737/Add.39, S/13737/Add.41, S/13737/Add.42, S/13737/Add.43, S/14840/Add.28, S/14840/Add.40, S/15560/Add.44, S/16270/Add.12, S/16880/Add.9, S/16880/Add.16, S/17725/Add.7, S/17725/Add.8, S/17725/Add.11, S/17725/Add.39, S/17725/Add.40, S/17725/Add.51, S/18570/Add.29, S/18570/Add.51, S/19420/Add.1, S/19420/Add.19, S/19420/Add.32, S/19420/Add.34, S/20370/Add.5, S/20370/Add.38, S/21100/Add.8, S/21100/Add.12, S/21100/Add.38, S/21100/Add.47 and S/22110/Add.4)

102. Complaint by Iraq (see S/14326/Add.23 and S/14326/Add.24)

103. Complaint by Seychelles (see S/14326/Add.50, S/14840/Add.20 and S/14840/Add.21)

104. Letter dated 19 March 1982 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (see S/14840/Add.12 and S/14840/Add.13)

105. Letter dated 1 April 1982 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/14840/Add.13)

106. Letter dated 31 March 1982 from the President of the Republic of Kenya addressed to the President of the Security Council enclosing the letter dated 18 March 1982 from the President of the Republic of Chad addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/14840/Add.17)

107. Question concerning the situation in the region of the Falkland Islands (Islas Malvinas) (see S/14840/Add.20, S/14840/Add.21 and S/14840/Add.22)

108. Letter dated 19 February 1983 from the Permanent Representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/15560/Add.8)

109. Letter dated 16 March 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/15560/Add.12, S/15560/Add.13 and S/15560/Add.14)

110. Letter dated 22 March 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/15560/Add.12 and S/15560/Add.13)

111. Letter dated 5 May 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/15560/Add.19 and S/15560/Add.20)

112. Letter dated 2 August 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/15560/Add.31, S/15560/Add.32, S/15560/Add.33 and S/15560/Add.35)

113. Letter dated 8 August 1983 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/15560/Add.32 and S/15560/Add.33)

114. Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Acting Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Permanent Observer for the Republic of Korea to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 1 September 1983 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 2 September 1983 from the Acting Permanent Representative of Australia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/15560/Add.35, S/15560/Add.36 and S/15560/Add.37)

115. Letter dated 12 September 1983 from the representative of Nicaragua on the Security Council addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/15560/Add.37)

116. The situation in Grenada (see S/15560/Add.43)

117. Letter dated 3 February 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16270/Add.4)

118. Letter dated 18 March 1984 from the Permanent Representative of the Sudan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16270/Add.12)

119. Letter dated 22 March 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16270/Add.12 and S/16270/Add.13)

120. Letter dated 29 March 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16270/Add.12 and S/16270/Add.13)

121. Letter dated 21 May 1984 from the representatives of Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16270/Add.20 and S/16270/Add.21)

122. Letter dated 4 September 1984 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16270/Add.35)

123. Letter dated 3 October 1984 from the Permanent Representative of the Lao People's Democratic Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16270/Add.40)

124. Letter dated 9 November 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16270/Add.44)

125. Letter dated 28 January 1985 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16880/Add.4)

126. Letter dated 6 May 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16880/Add.18)

127. Letter dated 17 June 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16880/Add.24)

128. Letter dated 26 September 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Botswana to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

- Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 568 (1985)

(see S/16880/Add.39)

129. Letter dated 1 October 1985 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16880/Add.39)

130. Letter dated 6 December 1985 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16880/Add.49)

131. Letter dated 16 December 1985 from the Permanent Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/16880/Add.50)

132. Letter dated 4 February 1986 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.5)

133. The situation in southern Africa (see S/17725/Add.5, S/17725/Add.6 and S/17725/Add.20)

134. Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 25 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 26 March 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Iraq to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/17725/Add.12 and S/17725/Add.13)

135. Letter dated 12 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Malta to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.14 and S/17725/Add.15)

136. Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Burkina Faso to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 15 April 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Oman to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/17725/Add.15 and S/17725/Add.16)

137. Letter dated 27 June 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.26)

138. Letter dated 22 July 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.30)

139. Letter dated 17 October 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.42 and S/17725/Add.43)

140. Letter dated 13 November 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.46)

141. Letter dated 9 December 1986 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/17725/Add.49)

142. Letter dated 10 February 1988 from the Permanent Observer of the Republic of Korea to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 10 February 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/19420/Add.7)

143. Letter dated 11 March 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Argentina to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/19420/Add.11)

144. Letter dated 17 March 1988 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/19420/Add.11 and S/19420/Add.12)

145. Letter dated 19 April 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Tunisia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/19420/Add.16 and S/19420/Add.17)

146. The situation relating to Afghanistan (see S/19420/Add.44, S/20370/Add.14, S/20370/Add.15, S/20370/Add.16 and S/21100/Add.1)

147. Letter dated 17 December 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Angola to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Letter dated 17 December 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

(see S/19420/Add.51)

148. Letter dated 4 January 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 4 January 1989 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Bahrain addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/20370 and S/20370/Add.1)

149. Letter dated 25 April 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Panama to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/20370/Add.16 and S/20370/Add.31)

150. Central America: efforts towards peace (see S/20370/Add.29, S/20370/Add.44, S/21100/Add.12, S/21100/Add.15, S/21100/Add.17, S/21100/Add.20, S/21100/Add.22, S/21100/Add.44, S/22110/Add.18, S/22110/Add.20, S/22110/Add.39 and S/22110/Add.44)

151. The question of hostage-taking and abduction (see S/20370/Add.30)

152. Letter dated 27 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of El Salvador to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 28 November 1989 from the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/20370/Add.47 and S/20370/Add.48)

153. The situation in Panama (see S/20370/Add.50)

154. Letter dated 2 February 1990 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/21100/Add.5)

155. United Nations peace-keeping operations (see S/21100/Add.21)

156. The situation between Iraq and Kuwait (see S/21100/Add.30, S/21100/Add.31, S/21100/Add.32, S/21100/Add.33, S/21100/Add.36, S/21100/Add.37, S/21100/Add.38, S/21100/Add.42, S/21100/Add.43, S/21100/Add.47, S/22110/Add.6, S/22110/Add.7, S/22110/Add.8, S/22110/Add.9, S/22110/Add.13, S/22110/Add.14, S/22110/Add.17, S/22110/Add.20, S/22110/Add.24, S/22110/Add.25, S/22110/Add.32, S/22110/Add.37 and S/22110/Add.40)

157. The situation in Cambodia (see S/21100/Add.37, S/22110/Add.41 and S/22110/Add.43)

158. Letter dated 7 December 1990 from the President of the Trusteeship Council addressed to the President of the Security Council (see S/21100/Add.50)

159. The situation in Liberia (see S/22110/Add.3)

160. Letter dated 2 April 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 4 April 1991 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/22110/Add.13)

161. Letter dated 17 May 1991 from the Chargé d'affaires of the Permanent Mission of Angola to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Angola Verification Mission

(see S/22110/Add.21)

162. Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Austria to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 19 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 20 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Hungary to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 24 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Yugoslavia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/22110/Add.38)

163. Letter dated 30 September 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Haiti to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/22110/Add.39)

164. Letter dated 24 November 1991 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 21 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of Germany to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

Letter dated 26 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative of France to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

(see S/22110/Add.47)

165. Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) (see S/22110/Add.50)

UNITED
NATIONS

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Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/23370/Corr.1
13 January 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Corrigendum

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Item 159 should read

159. The situation in Liberia (see S/22110/Add.3 and Corr.1)

92-01344 2980e (E)

UNITED
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Security Council

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S/23370/Add.1
17 January 1992

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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/23370 and Corr.1 of 9 January 1992.

During the week ending 11 January 1992 the Security Council took action on the following items:

The situation in the occupied Arab territories (see S/11935/Add.18, S/11935/Add.19, S/11935/Add.20, S/11935/Add.21, S/11935/Add.44, S/11935/Add.45, S/13033/Add.9, S/13033/Add.10, S/13033/Add.11, S/13033/Add.28, S/13737/Add.7, S/13737/Add.8, S/13737/Add.18, S/13737/Add.20, S/13737/Add.22, S/13737/Add.50, S/14326/Add.50, S/14840/Add.1, S/14840/Add.2, S/14840/Add.3, S/14840/Add.4, S/14840/Add.12, S/14840/Add.13, S/14840/Add.15, S/14840/Add.16, S/14840/Add.45, S/15560/Add.6, S/15560/Add.7, S/15560/Add.20, S/15560/Add.30, S/15560/Add.31, S/16880/Add.36, S/17725/Add.3, S/17725/Add.4, S/17725/Add.48, S/17725/Add.49, S/18570/Add.49, S/18570/Add.50, S/18570/Add.51, S/19420/Add.1, S/19420/Add.2, S/19420/Add.4, S/19420/Add.5, S/19420/Add.13, S/19420/Add.15, S/20370/Add.5, S/20370/Add.6, S/20370/Add.22, S/20370/Add.26, S/20370/Add.34, S/20370/Add.44, S/21100/Add.10, S/21100/Add.12, S/21100/Add.17, S/21100/Add.20, S/21100/Add.39, S/21100/Add.40, S/21100/Add.42, S/21100/Add.44, S/21100/Add.45, S/21100/Add.48, S/21100/Add.49, S/21100/Add.50, S/22110/Add.12 and S/22110/Add.20)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3026th meeting, held on 6 January 1992, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations.

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Egypt, Israel and the Syrian Arab Republic, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

At the same meeting, the President drew attention to the request contained in the letter dated 6 January 1992 (S/23373) from the Permanent Observer of Palestine to the United Nations that, in accordance with its previous practice, the Security Council invite the Permanent Observer of Palestine to the United Nations to participate in the debate. He said that the request was not made pursuant to rule 37 or 39 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council but that, if it was approved, the Council would be inviting the Permanent Observer of Palestine to the United Nations to participate, not under rule 37 or rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure, but with the same rights of participation as under rule 37.

Following discussion, the Security Council approved the request by 10 votes in favour to 1 against (United States of America), with 4 abstentions (Belgium, France, Hungary, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).

The President drew attention to draft resolution S/23372 that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23372 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 726 (1992).

Resolution 726 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Recalling the obligations of Member States under the United Nations Charter,

Recalling its resolutions 607 (1988), 608 (1988), 636 (1989), 641 (1989), and 694 (1991),

Having been apprised of the decision of Israel, the occupying Power, to deport twelve Palestinian civilians from the occupied Palestinian territories,

1. Strongly condemns the decision of Israel, the occupying Power, to resume deportations of Palestinian civilians;

2. Reaffirms the applicability of the Fourth Geneva Convention of 12 August 1949 to all the Palestinian territories occupied by Israel since 1967, including Jerusalem;

3. Requests Israel, the occupying Power, to refrain from deporting any Palestinian civilian from the occupied territories;

4. Also requests Israel, the occupying Power, to ensure the safe and immediate return to the occupied territories of all those deported;

5. Decides to keep the matter under review.

Oral report of the Secretary-General pursuant to his report of 5 January 1992 (see also S/22116/Add.50)

The Security Council met to consider the item at its 3027th meeting, held on 7 January 1992, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations.

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Yugoslavia, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President stated that, following consultations among members of the Security Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement (S/23389) on behalf of the Council:

> "The members of the Security Council discussed on 7 January the tragic incident that occurred in Yugoslavia earlier in the day, in which helicopters of the European Community Monitoring Mission in Yugoslavia were shot down by a Yugoslav aircraft, killing four Italian members and one French member of the Monitoring Mission.
>
> "The members of the Council condemned this callous attack on unarmed civilian personnel. They extended their most sincere condolences to the families of those who had lost their lives. They noted that the Yugoslav authorities had accepted responsibility for this flagrant breach of the cease-fire, had said that they would take the necessary disciplinary action against those responsible, and had reiterated their commitment to observe the cease-fire fully. The Members of the Council called on the Yugoslav authorities to take all steps necessary to ensure that this act does not go unpunished and that such incidents do not occur again.
>
> "The members of the Council reiterated their urgent call on all parties to the conflict in Yugoslavia to respect their cease-fire commitments. They underlined the continuing importance of the role played by the EC Monitoring Mission, as emphasized in the Secretary-General's report of 5 January (S/23363). They expressed their deep appreciation for the work done by members of the Mission and they called on the Yugoslav parties to ensure that members of the Mission and United Nations personnel be allowed to fulfil their role with the full cooperation of all sides."

Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) (see S/22110/Add.50)

The Security Council met to consider the item at its 3028th meeting, held on 8 January 1992, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it a further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) contained in document S/23363 and Add.1, a note by the President of the Security Council (S/23389) and a report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of paragraph 5 (a) of Security Council resolution 724 (1991) (S/23358).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Yugoslavia, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of draft resolution S/23382 that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations and to the fact that an oral amendment had been made to operative paragraph 6 of the draft resolution in its provisional form.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23382, as orally amended in its provisional form, and adopted it unanimously as resolution 727 (1992).

Resolution 727 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Reaffirming its resolutions 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991, 721 (1991) of 27 November 1991, and 724 (1991) of 15 December 1991,

Noting the report of the Secretary-General of 5 January 1992 (S/23363 and Add.1) submitted pursuant to resolution 721 (1991),

Recalling its primary responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations for the maintenance of international peace and security,

Recalling also the provisions of Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations, and noting the continuing role that the European Community will play in achieving a peaceful solution in Yugoslavia,

Deploring the tragic incident on 7 January 1992 which caused the death of five members of the European Community Monitoring Mission,

1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General of 5 January 1992 (S/23363 and Add.1) and expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for it;

2. Welcomes the signing, under the auspices of the Secretary-General's Personal Envoy, of an Implementing Accord at Sarajevo on 2 January 1992 concerning modalities for implementing the unconditional cease-fire agreed to by the parties at Geneva on 23 November 1991;

3. Endorses the Secretary-General's intention as a follow-up to his Personal Envoy's latest mission to send immediately to Yugoslavia a group of up to 50 military liaison officers to promote maintenance of the cease-fire; in this connection takes note in particular of the views expressed in paragraphs 24, 25, 28, 29 and 30 of the Secretary-General's report and the criteria reflected in paragraphs 3 and 4 of resolution 724 (1991);

4. Urges all parties to honour the commitments made at Geneva and Sarajevo with a view to effecting a complete cessation of hostilities;

5. Requests all the parties to take all the necessary measures to ensure the safety of the personnel sent by the United Nations and of the members of the European Community Monitoring Mission;

6. Reaffirms the embargo applied in paragraph 6 of resolution 713 (1991) and in paragraph 5 of resolution 724 (1991), and decides that the embargo applies in accordance with paragraph 33 of the Secretary-General's report (S/23363);

7. Encourages the Secretary-General to pursue his humanitarian efforts in Yugoslavia;

8. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter until a peaceful solution is achieved.

The situation in Cambodia (see S/21100/Add.37, S/22110/Add.41 and S/22110/Add.43)

The Security Council met to consider the item at its 3029th meeting, held on 8 January 1992, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the report of the Secretary-General on Cambodia (S/23331 and Add.1), and the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Advance Mission in Cambodia (S/23218).

The President drew attention to the text of draft resolution S/23383 that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23383 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 728 (1992).

Resolution 728 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Recalling its resolutions 668 (1990) of 20 September 1990, 717 (1991) of 16 October 1991 and 718 (1991) of 31 October 1991,

Welcoming the fact that the United Nations Advance Mission in Cambodia (UNAMIC) has become operational as reported by the Secretary-General in his report of 14 November 1991 (S/23218),

Welcoming also the progress that has been made in implementing the provisions of the Agreements on a Comprehensive Political Settlement of the Cambodia Conflict (S/23177, annex) relating to the functioning of the Supreme National Council of Cambodia under the chairmanship of His Royal Highness Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and the maintenance of the cease-fire,

Concerned that the existence of mines and minefields in Cambodia poses a serious hazard to the safety of people in Cambodia, as well as an obstacle to

the smooth and timely implementation of the Agreements on the Comprehensive Political Settlement, including the early return of Cambodian refugees and displaced persons,

Noting that UNAMIC's mandate as approved by the Security Council in its resolution 717 (1991) provides, inter alia, for the establishment of a mine awareness programme, and that the Agreements provide for the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia (UNTAC) to undertake, inter alia, a programme of assisting with clearing mines and undertaking training programmes in mine clearance and a mine awareness programme among the Cambodian people,

Considering that the establishment of training programmes in mine clearance, in addition to the existing mine awareness programme undertaken by UNAMIC, and the early initiation of mine clearance are required for the effective implementation of the Agreements on the Comprehensive Settlement,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General proposing that the mandate of UNAMIC be expanded to include training in mine clearance and the initiation of a mine clearance programme (S/23331 and Add.1),

1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General (S/23331 and Add.1), especially the provision of assistance in mine clearing by Cambodians;

2. Calls upon the Supreme National Council of Cambodia, and all the Cambodian parties, to continue to cooperate fully with the United Nations Advance Mission in Cambodia, including in the discharge of its expanded mandate;

3. Reiterates its call to all the Cambodian parties to comply scrupulously with the cease-fire and to lend all necessary assistance to UNAMIC;

4. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council informed of further developments.

UNITED
NATIONS

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Security Council

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12 February 1992

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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Corrigendum

Page 1

The second heading should read

Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) (see also S/22110/Add.50)

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NATIONS

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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/23370 and Corr.1 of 9 January 1992 and S/23370/Add.1 of 17 January 1992.

During the week ending 18 January 1992, the Security Council took action on the following items:

Central America: efforts towards peace (see S/20370/Add.29, S/20370/Add.44, S/21100/Add.12, S/21100/Add.15, S/21100/Add.17, S/21100/Add.20, S/21100/Add.22, S/21100/Add.44, S/22110/Add.18, S/22110/Add.20, S/22110/Add.39 and S/22110/Add.44)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3030th meeting, held on 14 January 1992, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the report of the Secretary-General contained in document S/23402 and Add.1, and a note by the President of the Security Council (S/23411).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of El Salvador, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of draft resolution S/23411, which had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23411 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 729 (1992).

Resolution 729 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Recalling its resolution 637 (1989) of 27 July 1989,

Recalling also its resolution 714 (1991) of 30 September 1991, as well as the statement made by the President of the Council on behalf of the members of the Council on 3 January 1992 (S/23360) following the signature of the Act of New York on 31 December 1991,

Recalling further its resolution 693 (1991) of 20 May 1991 by which it established the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (ONUSAL),

Welcoming the conclusion of agreements between the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional (FMLN), which are to be signed in Mexico City on 16 January 1992 and which, when implemented, will put a definitive end to the Salvadorian armed conflict, and will open the way for national reconciliation,

Calling upon both parties to continue to exercise maximum moderation and restraint and to take no action which would be contrary to or adversely affect the agreements to be signed in Mexico City,

Expressing its conviction that a peaceful settlement in El Salvador will make a decisive contribution to the Central American peace process,

Welcoming the intention of the Secretary-General to convey shortly to the Council his recommendation on the termination of the mandate of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America (ONUCA),

1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General contained in document S/23402;

2. Decides, on the basis of the Secretary-General's report and in accordance with the provisions of its resolution 693 (1991) of 20 May 1991, to enlarge the mandate of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (ONUSAL) to include the verification and monitoring of the implementation of all the agreements once these are signed in Mexico City between the Government of El Salvador and the Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional, in particular the Agreement on the Cessation of the Armed Conflict and the Agreement on the Establishment of a National Civil Police;

3. Also decides that the mandate of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (ONUSAL), enlarged in accordance with this resolution, will be extended to 31 October 1992 and that it will be reviewed at that time on the basis of recommendations to be presented by the Secretary-General;

4. Requests the Secretary-General to take the necessary measures to increase the strength of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (ONUSAL) as recommended in his report;

5. Calls upon both parties to respect scrupulously and to implement in good faith the commitments assumed by them under the agreements which are to be signed in Mexico City, and to cooperate fully with the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (ONUSAL) in its task of verifying the implementation of these agreements;

6. Reaffirms its support for the Secretary-General's continuing mission of good offices with regard to the Central American peace process, and in particular for his observations in paragraphs 17, 18 and 19 of the report regarding his intention to continue, as was foreseen in the Geneva Agreement of 4 April 1990 concerning the process which is to end definitively the armed conflict, to rely on the Governments of Colombia, Mexico, Spain and Venezuela, as well as other States and groups of States, to support him in the exercise of his responsibilities;

7. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council fully informed of developments relating to the implementation of this resolution and to report on the operations of the United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador (ONUSAL) before the expiry of the new mandate period.

At its 3031st meeting, on 16 January 1992, the Security Council resumed consideration of the item, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Observer Group in Central America contained in document S/23421.

The President drew attention to the text of draft resolution S/23427, which had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

At the same meeting, the Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23427 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 730 (1992).

Resolution 730 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Recalling its resolution 719 (1991) of 6 November 1991,

Recalling also its resolution 729 (1992) of 14 January 1992,

1. Approves the report of the Secretary-General of 14 January 1992;

2. Decides, in accordance with the recommendation in paragraph 7 of the report, to terminate the mandate of the United Nations Observer Group in Central America with effect from 17 January 1992.

Admission of new Members (see S/7382, S/7564, S/8301, S/8555, S/8815, S/8896, S/9961, S/10121, S/10296, S/10327, S/10351, S/10462, S/10762, S/10770/Add.1, S/10855/Add.25, S/10855/Add.29, S/11185/Add.22, S/11185/Add.23, S/11185/Add.24, S/11185/Add.31, S/11185/Add.32, S/11593/Add.31, S/11593/Add.32, S/11593/Add.33, S/11593/Add.38, S/11593/Add.39, S/11593/Add.41, S/11593/Add.48, S/11935/Add.25, S/11935/Add.33, S/11935/Add.36, S/11935/Add.45, S/11935/Add.46, S/11935/Add.47, S/11935/Add.48, S/12269/Add.27, S/12269/Add.29, S/12520/Add.32, S/12520/Add.48, S/13033/Add.36, S/13737/Add.7, S/13737/Add.30, S/14326/Add.27, S/14326/Add.38, S/14326/Add.45, S/15560/Add.38, S/16270/Add.7, S/21100/Add.15, S/21100/Add.32, S/22110/Add.31 and S/22110/Add.36)

By a note dated 3 January 1992 (S/23353), the Secretary-General circulated the application of the Republic of Kazakhstan for admission to membership in the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 31 December 1991 from the President of the Republic of Kazakhstan addressed to the Secretary-General.

At its 3032nd meeting, on 16 January 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the Security Council referred the application of the Republic of Kazakhstan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report.

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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/23370 and Corr.1 of 9 January and S/23370/Add.1 of 17 January 1992.

During the week ending 25 January 1992, the Security Council took action on the following items:

Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991 (S/23306, S/23307, S/23308, S/23309, S/23317)

The Security Council met to consider the item at its 3033rd meeting, held on 21 January 1992, in accordance with the understanding reached in the Council's prior consultations, having before it letters dated 20 December 1991 from the representative of France addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23306), the representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23307), the representative of the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23308) and the representatives of France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23309) and the letter dated 23 December 1991 from the representative of the United States of America addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23317).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited, at their request, the representatives of Canada, the Congo, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Iraq, Italy, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mauritania, the Sudan and Yemen to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

At the same meeting, in response to the request dated 20 January 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Morocco to the United Nations (S/23442), the Security Council extended an invitation under rule 39 of its provisional rules of procedure to Mr. Adnan Omran, Under-Secretary-General of the League of Arab States.

Also at the 3033rd meeting, in response to the request dated 21 January 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Morocco to the United Nations (S/23447), the Security Council extended an invitation under rule 39 of its provisional rules of procedure to Mr. Engin A. Ansay, Permanent Observer of the Organization of the Islamic Conference to the United Nations.

The President drew attention to the text of draft resolution S/23422, which had been submitted by France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America.

The President also drew attention to letters dated 20 and 29 November 1991 (S/23416 and S/23417 respectively) from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the Secretary-General, and letters dated 17 and 18 January 1992 (S/23436 and S/23441 respectively) from the representative of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya addressed to the President of the Security Council.

At the same meeting, the Security Council voted on draft resolution S/23422 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 731 (1992).

Resolution 731 (1992) reads as follows:

> The Security Council,
>
> Deeply disturbed by the world-wide persistence of acts of international terrorism in all its forms, including those in which States are directly or indirectly involved, which endanger or take innocent lives, have a deleterious effect on international relations and jeopardize the security of States,
>
> Deeply concerned by all illegal activities directed against international civil aviation, and affirming the right of all States, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and relevant principles of international law, to protect their nationals from acts of international terrorism that constitute threats to international peace and security,
>
> Reaffirming its resolution 286 (1970) of 9 September 1970, in which it called on States to take all possible legal steps to prevent any interference with international civil air travel,
>
> Reaffirming also its resolution 635 (1989) of 14 June 1989, in which it condemned all acts of unlawful interference against the security of

civil aviation and called upon all States to cooperate in devising and implementing measures to prevent all acts of terrorism, including those involving explosives,

Recalling the statement made on 30 December 1988 by the President of the Security Council on behalf of the members of the Council strongly condemning the destruction of Pan Am flight 103 and calling on all States to assist in the apprehension and prosecution of those responsible for this criminal act,

Deeply concerned over the results of investigations, which implicate officials of the Libyan Government and which are contained in Security Council documents that include the requests addressed to the Libyan authorities by France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the United States of America, in connection with the legal procedures related to the attacks carried out against Pan American flight 103 and Union de transports aériens flight 772,

Determined to eliminate international terrorism,

1. Condemns the destruction of Pan American flight 103 and Union de tranports aériens flight 772 and the resultant loss of hundreds of lives;

2. Strongly deplores the fact that the Libyan Government has not yet responded effectively to the above requests to cooperate fully in establishing responsibility for the terrorist acts referred to above against Pan American flight 103 and Union de tranports aériens flight 772;

3. Urges the Libyan Government immediately to provide a full and effective response to those requests so as to contribute to the elimination of international terrorism;

4. Requests the Secretary-General to seek the cooperation of the Libyan Government to provide a full and effective response to those requests;

5. Urges all States individually and collectively to encourage the Libyan Government to respond fully and effectively to those requests;

6. Decides to remain seized of the matter.

Admission of new Members (see S/7382, S/7564, S/8301, S/8555, S/8815, S/8896, S/9961, S/10121, S/10296, S/10327, S/10351, S/10462, S/10762, S/10770/Add.1, S/10855/Add.25, S/10855/Add.29, S/11185/Add.22, S/11185/Add.23, S/11185/Add.24, S/11185/Add.31, S/11185/Add.32, S/11593/Add.31, S/11593/Add.32, S/11593/Add.33, S/11593/Add.38, S/11593/Add.39, S/11593/Add.41, S/11593/Add.48, S/11935/Add.25, S/11935/Add.33, S/11935/Add.36, S/11935/Add.45, S/11935/Add.46, S/11935/Add.47, S/11935/Add.48, S/12269/Add.27, S/12269/Add.29, S/12520/Add.32, S/12520/Add.48, S/13033/Add.36, S/13737/Add.7, S/13737/Add.30, S/14326/Add.27, S/14326/Add.38, S/14326/Add.45, S/15560/Add.38, S/16270/Add.7, S/21100/Add.15, S/21100/Add.32, S/22110/Add.31, S/22110/Add.36 and S/23370/Add.2)

At its 3034th meeting, on 23 January 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23456), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the application of the Republic of Kazakhstan for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 732 (1992).

Resolution 732 (1992) reads as follows:

> The Security Council,
>
> Having examined the application of the Republic of Kazakhstan for admission to the United Nations (S/23353),
>
> Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Kazakhstan be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of the Republic of Kazakhstan to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23470):

"It is a great honour for me to express, on behalf of the members of the Council, our congratulations to the Republic of Kazakhstan on the decision which the Council has just taken to recommend to the General Assembly the admission of Kazakhstan to membership in the United Nations.

"This is indeed an historic occasion. The admission of Kazakhstan to the United Nations, and its fulfilment of all relevant obligations, will help to consolidate the positive developments that the world has witnessed in the last few months. The significance of Kazakhstan's admission to this Organization is clear to all. I have no doubt that it will have an important contribution to make in every area of the United Nations work.

"The members of the Council are confident that Kazakhstan, as a peace-loving State that is able and willing to carry out the obligations contained in the Charter, will contribute actively and constructively in upholding the purposes and principles of the Charter.

"We look forward to welcoming Kazakhstan among us at the United Nations."

By a note dated 17 January 1992 (S/23405), the Secretary-General circulated the application of the Republic of Armenia for admission to membership in the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 31 December 1991 from the President of the Republic of Armenia addressed to the Secretary-General.

At its 3035th meeting, on 23 January 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the Security Council referred the application of the Republic of Armenia to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report.

By a note dated 21 January 1992 (S/23450), the Secretary-General circulated the application of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan for admission to membership in the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 6 January 1992 from the President of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan addressed to the Secretary-General.

At its 3036th meeting, on 23 January 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the Security Council referred the application of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report.

By a note dated 21 January 1992 (S/23451), the Secretary-General circulated the application of the Republic of Uzbekistan for admission to membership in the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 6 January 1992 from the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

At its 3037th meeting, on 23 January 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the Security Council referred the application of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report.

By a note dated 21 January 1992 (S/23455), the Secretary-General circulated the application of the Republic of Tajikistan for admission to membership in the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 16 January 1992 from the President of the Republic of Tajikistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

At its 3038th meeting, on 23 January 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the Security Council referred the application of the Republic of Tajikistan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for examination and report.

Letter dated 20 January 1992 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council

By letter dated 20 January 1992 addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/23445), the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations forwarded copies of the texts of a letter dated 11 January 1992 from the Prime Minister of Somalia addressed to the Chargé d'affaires a.i., of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations, authorizing her to present to the Security Council the deteriorating situation of Somalia, particularly the fighting in Mogadishu, and a letter dated 15 December 1991 from the Prime Minister of Somalia addressed jointly to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council. Stating that the civil war situation in Somalia was worsening by the day, the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Somalia to the United Nations supported the appeal for convening immediately a meeting of the Security Council to consider the deteriorating human dilemma prevailing in Somalia.

The Security Council considered the item at its 3039th meeting, on 23 January 1992, on the basis of the request from Somalia contained in document S/23445.

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Somalia, at her request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the text of draft resolution S/23461, which had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23461 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 733 (1992).

Resolution 733 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Considering the request by Somalia for the Security Council to consider the situation in Somalia (S/23445),

Having heard the report of the Secretary-General on the situation in Somalia and commending the initiative taken by him in the humanitarian field,

Gravely alarmed at the rapid deterioration of the situation in Somalia and the heavy loss of human life and widespread material damage resulting from the conflict in the country and aware of its consequences on the stability and peace in the region,

Concerned that the continuation of this situation constitutes, as stated in the report of the Secretary-General, a threat to international peace and security,

Recalling its primary responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations for the maintenance of international peace and security,

Recalling also the provisions of Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations,

Expressing its appreciation to the international and regional organizations that have provided assistance to the populations affected by the conflict and deploring that personnel of these organizations have lost their lives in the exercise of their humanitarian tasks,

Taking note of the appeals addressed to the parties by the Chairman of the Organization of the Islamic Conference on 16 December 1991, the Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity on 18 December 1991 (S/23469) and the League of Arab States on 5 January 1992 (S/23448),

1. Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on the situation in Somalia and expresses its concern with the situation prevailing in that country;

2. Requests the Secretary-General immediately to undertake the necessary actions to increase humanitarian assistance of the United Nations and its specialized agencies to the affected population in all parts of Somalia in liaison with the other international humanitarian organizations and to this end to appoint a coordinator to oversee the effective delivery of this assistance;

3. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in cooperation with the Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity and the Secretary-General of the League of Arab States, immediately to contact all parties involved in the conflict, to seek their commitment to the cessation of hostilities to permit the humanitarian assistance to be distributed, to promote a cease-fire and compliance therewith, and to assist in the process of a political settlement of the conflict in Somalia;

4. Strongly urges all parties to the conflict immediately to cease hostilities and agree to a cease-fire and to promote the process of reconciliation and of political settlement in Somalia;

5. Decides, under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations, that all States shall, for the purposes of establishing peace and stability in Somalia immediately implement a general and complete embargo on all deliveries of weapons and military equipment to Somalia until the Security Council decides otherwise;

6. Calls on all States to refrain from any action which might contribute to increasing tension and to impeding or delaying a peaceful and negotiated outcome to the conflict in Somalia, which would permit all Somalis to decide upon and to construct their future in peace;

7. Calls upon all parties to cooperate with the Secretary-General to this end and to facilitate the delivery by the United Nations, its specialized agencies and other humanitarian organizations of humanitarian assistance to all those in need of it, under the supervision of the coordinator;

8. Urges all parties to take all the necessary measures to ensure the safety of personnel sent to provide humanitarian assistance, to assist them in their tasks and to ensure full respect for the rules and principles of international law regarding the protection of civilian populations;

9. Calls upon all States and international organizations to contribute to the efforts of humanitarian assistance to the population in Somalia;

10. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council as soon as possible on this matter;

11. Decides to remain seized of the matter until a peaceful solution is achieved.

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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/23370 and Corr.1 of 9 January 1992, S/23370/Add.1 of 17 January 1992 and S/23370/Add.3 of 7 February 1992.

During the week ending 1 February 1992 the Security Council took action on the following items:

The situation in the Middle East (see S/7913, S/7923, S/7976, S/8000, S/8048, S/8066, S/8215, S/8242, S/8252, S/8269, S/8502, S/8525, S/8534, S/8564, S/8575, S/8584, S/8595, S/8747, S/8753, S/8807, S/8815, S/8828, S/8836, S/8885, S/8896, S/8960, S/9123, S/9135, S/9319, S/9382, S/9395, S/9406, S/9427 and Corr.1, S/9449, S/9452, S/9805, S/9812, S/9930, S/10327, S/10341, S/10554, S/10557, S/10703, S/10721, S/10729, S/10743, S/10770/Add.4, S/10855/Add.15, S/10855/Add.16, S/10855/Add.23, S/10855/Add.24, S/10855/Add.29, S/10855/Add.30, S/10855/Add.33, S/10855/Add.41, S/10855/Add.43, S/10855/Add.44, S/11185/Add.14, S/11185/Add.15, S/11185/Add.16, S/11185/Add.21, S/11185/Add.42/Rev.1, S/11185/Add.47, S/11593/Add.15, S/11593/Add.21, S/11593/Add.29, S/11593/Add.42, S/11593/Add.49, S/11935/Add.21, S/11935/Add.42, S/11935/Add.48, S/12269/Add.12, S/12269/Add.13, S/12269/Add.21, S/12269/Add.42, S/12269/Add.48, S/12520/Add.10, S/12520/Add.11, S/12520/Add.17, S/12520/Add.21, S/12520/Add.37, S/12520/Add.39, S/12520/Add.42, S/12520/Add.47, S/12520/Add.48, S/13033/Add.2, S/13033/Add.16, S/13033/Add.19, S/13033/Add.21, S/13033/Add.23, S/13033/Add.34, S/13033/Add.47, S/13033/Add.50, S/13737/Add.15, S/13737/Add.16, S/13737/Add.21, S/13737/Add.24, S/13737/Add.25, S/13737/Add.26, S/13737/Add.33, S/13737/Add.47, S/13737/Add.50, S/14326/Add.10, S/14326/Add.11, S/14326/Add.20, S/14326/Add.24, S/14326/Add.28, S/14326/Add.29, S/14326/Add.47,

S/14326/Add.50, S/14840/Add.8, S/14840/Add.21, S/14840/Add.22, S/14840/Add.23, S/14840/Add.24, S/14840/Add.25, S/14840/Add.27, S/14840/Add.30, S/14840/Add.31, S/14840/Add.32, S/14840/Add.33, S/14840/Add.37, S/14840/Add.42, S/14840/Add.48, S/15560/Add.3, S/15560/Add.21, S/15560/Add.29, S/15560/Add.37, S/15560/Add.42, S/15560/Add.45, S/15560/Add.47, S/15560/Add.48, S/16270/Add.6, S/16270/Add.7, S/16270/Add.8, S/16270/Add.15, S/16270/Add.20, S/16270/Add.21, S/16270/Add.34, S/16270/Add.35, S/16270/Add.40, S/16270/Add.47, S/16880/Add.8, S/16880/Add.9, S/16880/Add.10, S/16880/Add.15, S/16880/Add.20, S/16880/Add.21, S/16880/Add.41, S/16880/Add.46, S/17725/Add.2, S/17725/Add.15, S/17725/Add.21, S/17725/Add.28, S/17725/Add.35, S/17725/Add.38, S/17725/Add.43, S/17725/Add.47, S/18570/Add.2, S/18570/Add.21, S/18570/Add.30, S/18570/Add.47, S/19420/Add.2, S/19420/Add.3, S/19420/Add.4, S/19420/Add.18, S/19420/Add.19, S/19420/Add.22 and Corr.1, S/19420/Add.30, S/19420/Add.48, S/19420/Add.50, S/20370/Add.4, S/20370/Add.12, S/20370/Add.16, S/20370/Add.21, S/20370/Add.30, S/20370/Add.32, S/20370/Add.37, S/20370/Add.44, S/20370/Add.46, S/20370/Add.47, S/20370/Add.51, S/21100/Add.4, S/21100/Add.21, S/21100/Add.30, S/21100/Add.47, S/22110/Add.4, S/22110/Add.21, S/22110/Add.30 and S/22110/Add.47)

At its 3040th meeting, on 29 January 1992, the Security Council resumed its consideration of the item, having before it the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) covering the period 21 July 1991, to 21 January 1992 (S/23452).

The President drew attention to the text of draft resolution S/23483, which had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/23483 and adopted it unanimously as resolution 734 (1992).

Resolution 734 (1992) reads as follows:

> The Security Council,
>
> Recalling its resolutions 425 (1978) and 426 (1978) of 19 March 1978, 501 (1982) of 25 February 1982, 508 (1982) of 5 June 1982, 509 (1982) of 6 June 1982, and 520 (1982) of 17 September 1982, as well as all its resolutions on the situation in Lebanon,
>
> Having studied the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon of 21 January 1992 (S/23452) and taking note of the observations expressed therein,
>
> Recalling the addendum to the Secretary-General's report of 22 January 1991 (S/22129/Add.1 dated 28 January 1991),
>
> Taking note of the letter dated 17 January 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/23435),
>
> Responding to the request of the Government of Lebanon,

1. Decides to extend the present mandate of UNIFIL for a further interim period of six months, that is until 31 July 1992;

2. Approves the overall objective of the Secretary-General, as set out in paragraph 33 of his report (S/23452), aimed at promoting the greater effectiveness of UNIFIL;

3. Approves in particular the recommendations summarized in subparagraphs 59 (c) (i) and (ii) of the report contained in the addendum to the Secretary-General's report of 22 January 1991 (S/22129/Add.1 dated 28 January 1991);

4. Invites the Secretary-General to consider further, in consultation with the troop-contributing countries, how to achieve the overall objective referred to in paragraph 2 above, and to take action on the objectives in paragraphs 2 and 3 above;

5. Reiterates its strong support for the territorial integrity, sovereignty and independence of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries;

6. Re-emphasizes the terms of reference and general guidelines of the Force as stated in the report of the Secretary-General of 19 March 1978, approved by resolution 426 (1978), and calls upon all parties concerned to cooperate fully with the Force for the full implementation of its mandate;

7. Reiterates that the Force should fully implement its mandate as defined in resolutions 425 (1978), 426 (1978) and all other relevant resolutions;

8. Requests the Secretary-General to continue consultations with the Government of Lebanon and other parties directly concerned with the implementation of the present resolution and to report to the Security Council thereon.

The President of the Security Council then stated that, following consultations among members of the Council, he had been authorized to make the following statement on behalf of the Council (S/23495):

"The members of the Security Council have noted with appreciation the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) (S/23452) submitted in conformity with resolution 701 (1991).

"They reaffirm their commitment to the full sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries. In this context, they assert that any State shall refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations.

"As the Security Council extends the mandate of UNIFIL for a further interim period on the basis of resolution 425 (1978), the members of the Council again stress the need for the implementation of that resolution in all its aspects. They reiterate their full support for the Taif Agreement and commend the Lebanese Government for its continuous successful efforts to deploy units of its army in the south of the country in full coordination with UNIFIL. The members of the Council urge all the parties concerned fully to support UNIFIL.

"The members of the Security Council express their concern over the continuing violence in southern Lebanon and urge all parties to exercise restraint.

"The members of the Security Council take this opportunity to express their appreciation for the continuing efforts of the Secretary-General and his staff in this regard and commend UNIFIL's troops and troop-contributing countries for their sacrifices and commitment to the cause of international peace and security under difficult circumstances."

Admission of new Members (see S/7382, S/7564, S/8301, S/8555, S/8815, S/8896, S/9961, S/10121, S/10296, S/10327, S/10351, S/10462, S/10762, S/10770/Add.1, S/10855/Add.25, S/10855/Add.29, S/11185/Add.22, S/11185/Add.23, S/11185/Add.24, S/11185/Add.31, S/11185/Add.32, S/11593/Add.31, S/11593/Add.32, S/11593/Add.33, S/11593/Add.38, S/11593/Add.39, S/11593/Add.41, S/11593/Add.48, S/11935/Add.25, S/11935/Add.33, S/11935/Add.36, S/11935/Add.45, S/11935/Add.46, S/11935/Add.47, S/11935/Add.48, S/12269/Add.27, S/12269/Add.29, S/12520/Add.32, S/12520/Add.48, S/13033/Add.36, S/13737/Add.7, S/13737/Add.30, S/14326/Add.27, S/14326/Add.38, S/14326/Add.45, S/15560/Add.38, S/16270/Add.7, S/21100/Add.15, S/21100/Add.32, S/22110/Add.31, S/22110/Add.36, S/23370/Add.2 and S/23370/Add.3)

At its 3041st meeting, on 29 January 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23475), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the application of the Republic of Armenia for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 735 (1992).

Resolution 735 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Having examined the application of the Republic of Armenia for admission to the United Nations (S/23405),

Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Armenia be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of the Republic of Armenia to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23496):

> "It is a privilege for me, on behalf of the members of the Security Council, to congratulate the Republic of Armenia on the decision which the Council has just taken. By resolution 735 (1992) the Council has recommended to the Assembly the admission of the Republic of Armenia to membership in the United Nations.
>
> "This is a significant moment for our Organization, and for the Republic of Armenia. Armenia's solemn commitment to uphold the Purposes and Principles of the Charter, which include the principles relating to the peaceful settlement of disputes and the non-use of force, is noted with great satisfaction by the members of the Council.
>
> "The members of the Council are confident that Armenia will contribute fully and effectively in all areas of the Organization's activities. We look forward to welcoming its representatives and to working closely with them."

At its 3042nd meeting, on 29 January 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23476), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the application of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 735 (1992).

Resolution 736 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Having examined the application of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan for admission to the United Nations (S/23450),

Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Kyrgyzstan be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23497):

"The Security Council has just recommended that the Republic of Kyrgyzstan be admitted to membership in our Organization. It is with great pleasure that, on behalf of the members of the Council, I congratulate the Republic of Kyrgyzstan on this happy and historic occasion. We look forward to this further strengthening of the principle of universality.

"Kyrgyzstan has much to contribute to the work of the United Nations. Its commitment to uphold the Purposes and Principles of the Charter is noted with great satisfaction.

"All the members of the Council look forward to the day, in the near future, when Kyrgyzstan will join us as a member of our Organization. We look forward to meeting the representatives of Kyrgyzstan here at United Nations Headquarters, and to working closely with them."

At its 3043rd meeting, on 29 January 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23477), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the application of the Republic of Uzbekistan for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 737 (1992).

Resolution 737 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Having examined the application of the Republic of Uzbekistan for admission to the United Nations (S/23451),

Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Uzbekistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of the Republic of Uzbekistan to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23498):

"The Council has just adopted resolution 737 (1992) recommending the admission of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the United Nations. This recommendation will shortly be before the General Assembly, for the final stage of the process of admission. On behalf of the members of the Council, it is my privilege to congratulate the Republic of Uzbekistan on this happy and historic event.

"Uzbekistan has solemnly undertaken to fulfil all the obligations of the Charter, and this is most welcome. The members of the Council are confident that Uzbekistan will have much to contribute to the many tasks of this Organization. We look forward to welcoming the representatives of Uzebekistan as colleagues and working with them in all the various fora of the United Nations."

At its 3044th meeting, on 29 January 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23478), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the application of the Republic of Tajikistan for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 738 (1992).

Resolution 738 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Having examined the application of the Republic of Tajikistan for admission to the United Nations (S/23455),

Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Tajikistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of the Republic of Tajikistan to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23499):

"I am pleased, on behalf of the members of the Council, to extend our congratulations to the Republic of Tajikistan on the occasion of the Council's recommendation that Tajikistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

"All the members of the Council are confident that Tajikistan will make a significant contribution to the work of the Organization. In today's changing world, the principle of universality is ever more important. We note with great satisfaction Tajikistan's commitment to uphold the Purposes and Principles of the United Nations Charter, and to fulfil all the obligations contained in the Charter.

"In conclusion, I should like to address to the Republic of Tajikistan the warmest greetings of the members of the Council."

By a note dated 23 January 1992 (S/23468), the Secretary-General circulated the application of the Republic of Moldova for membership in the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 17 January 1992 from the President of the Republic of Moldova addressed to the Secretary-General.

At its 3045th meeting, on 29 January 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the Security Council referred the application of the Republic of Moldova to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for consideration and report.

The responsibility of the Security Council in the maintenance of international peace and security

The Security Council met to consider the item at its 3046th meeting, held at the level of heads of State and Government on 31 January 1992.

At the end of the meeting, the President of the Security Council made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Council (S/23500) and stated that the Council had completed its business for the meeting:

"The members of the Security Council have authorized me to make the following statement on their behalf.

"The Security Council met at the Headquarters of the United Nations in New York on 31 January 1992, for the first time at the level of Heads of State and Government. The members of the Council considered, within the framework of their commitment to the United Nations Charter, 'The responsibility of the Security Council in the maintenance of international peace and security'. 1/

"The members of the Security Council consider that their meeting is a timely recognition of the fact that there are new favourable international circumstances under which the Security Council has begun to fulfil more effectively its primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security.

"1/ The meeting was chaired by the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland as the President of the Security Council for January. Statements were made by His Excellency Dr. Franz Vranitzky, Federal Chancellor of Austria, His Excellency Mr. Wilfried Martens, Prime Minister of Belgium, His Excellency Dr. Carlos Alberto Wahnon de Carvalho Veiga, Prime Minister of Cape Verde, His Excellency Mr. Li Peng, Premier of the State Council of China, His Excellency Dr. Rodrigo Borja-Cevallos, Constitutional President of Ecuador, His Excellency Mr. François Mitterrand, President of France, His Excellency Dr. Géza Jeszenszky, Minister for Foreign Affairs and Personal Emissary of the Prime Minister of Hungary, His Excellency Mr. P. V. Narasimha Rao, Prime Minister of India, His Excellency Mr. Kiichi Miyazawa, Prime Minister of Japan, His Majesty Hassan II, King of Morocco, His Excellency Mr. Boris N. Yeltsin, President of the Russian Federation, His Excellency the Rt. Hon. John Major MP, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, His Excellency Mr. George Bush, President of the United States of America, His Excellency Dr. Carlos Andrés Pérez, President of Venezuela and His Excellency Dr. Nathan Shamuyarira, Minister of Foreign Affairs and Personal Emissary of the President of Zimbabwe, as well as by the Secretary-General, His Excellency Dr. Boutros Boutros-Ghali.

"A time of change

"This meeting takes place at a time of momentous change. The ending of the Cold War has raised hopes for a safer, more equitable and more humane world. Rapid progress has been made, in many regions of the world, towards democracy and responsive forms of government, as well as towards achieving the Purposes set out in the Charter. The completion of the dismantling of apartheid in South Africa would constitute a major contribution to these Purposes and positive trends, including to the encouragement of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms.

"Last year, under the authority of the United Nations, the international community succeeded in enabling Kuwait to regain its sovereignty and territorial integrity, which it had lost as a result of Iraqi aggression. The resolutions adopted by the Security Council remain essential to the restoration of peace and stability in the region and must be fully implemented. At the same time the members of the Council are concerned by the humanitarian situation of the innocent civilian population of Iraq.

"The members of the Council support the Middle East peace process, facilitated by the Russian Federation and the United States, and hope that it will be brought to a successful conclusion on the basis of Council resolutions 242 (1967) and 338 (1973).

"They welcome the role the United Nations has been able to play under the Charter in progress towards settling long-standing regional disputes, and will work for further progress towards their resolution. They applaud the valuable contribution being made by United Nations peace-keeping forces now operating in Asia, Africa, Latin America and Europe.

"The members of the Council note that United Nations peace-keeping tasks have increased and broadened considerably in recent years. Election monitoring, human rights verification and the repatriation of refugees have in the settlement of some regional conflicts, at the request or with the agreement of the parties concerned, been integral parts of the Security Council's effort to maintain international peace and security. They welcome these developments.

"The members of the Council also recognize that change, however welcome, has brought new risks for stability and security. Some of the most acute problems result from changes to State structures. The members of the Council will encourage all efforts to help achieve peace, stability and cooperation during these changes.

"The international community therefore faces new challenges in the search for peace. All Member States expect the United Nations to play a central role at this crucial stage. The members of the Council stress the importance of strengthening and improving the United Nations to increase its effectiveness. They are determined to assume fully their responsibilities within the United Nations Organization in the framework of the Charter.

"The absence of war and military conflicts amongst States does not in itself ensure international peace and security. The non-military sources of instability in the economic, social, humanitarian and ecological fields have become threats to peace and security. The United Nations membership as a whole, working through the appropriate bodies, needs to give the highest priority to the solution of these matters.

"Commitment to collective security

"The members of the Council pledge their commitment to international law and to the United Nations Charter. All disputes between States should be peacefully resolved in accordance with the provisions of the Charter.

"The members of the Council reaffirm their commitment to the collective security system of the Charter to deal with threats to peace and to reverse acts of aggression.

"The members of the Council express their deep concern over acts of international terrorism and emphasize the need for the international community to deal effectively with all such acts.

"Peacemaking and peace-keeping

"To strengthen the effectiveness of these commitments, and in order that the Security Council should have the means to discharge its primary responsibility under the Charter for the maintenance of international peace and security, the members of the Council have decided on the following approach.

"They invite the Secretary-General to prepare, for circulation to the Members of the United Nations by 1 July 1992, his analysis and recommendations on ways of strengthening and making more efficient within the framework and provisions of the Charter the capacity of the United Nations for preventive diplomacy, for peacemaking and for peace-keeping.

"The Secretary-General's analysis and recommendations could cover the role of the United Nations in identifying potential crises and areas of instability as well as the contribution to be made by regional organizations in accordance with Chapter VIII of the United Nations Charter in helping the work of the Council. They could also cover the need for adequate resources, both material and financial. The Secretary-General might draw on lessons learned in recent United Nations peace-keeping missions to recommend ways of making more effective Secretariat planning and operations. He could also consider how greater use might be made of his good offices, and of his other functions under the United Nations Charter.

"Disarmament, arms control and weapons of mass destruction

"The members of the Council, while fully conscious of the responsibilities of other organs of the United Nations in the fields of disarmament, arms control and non-proliferation, reaffirm the crucial contribution which progress in these areas can make to the maintenance of international peace and security. They express their commitment to take concrete steps to enhance the effectiveness of the United Nations in these areas.

"The members of the Council underline the need for all Member States to fulfil their obligations in relation to arms control and disarmament; to prevent the proliferation in all its aspects of all weapons of mass destruction; to avoid excessive and destabilizing accumulations and transfers of arms; and to resolve peacefully in accordance with the Charter any problems concerning these matters threatening or disrupting the maintenance of regional and global stability. They emphasize the importance of the early ratification and implementation by the States concerned of all international and regional arms control arrangements, especially the START and CFE Treaties.

"The proliferation of all weapons of mass destruction constitutes a threat to international peace and security. The members of the Council commit themselves to working to prevent the spread of technology related to the research for or production of such weapons and to take appropriate action to that end.

"On nuclear proliferation, they note the importance of the decision of many countries to adhere to the Non-Proliferation Treaty and emphasize the integral role in the implementation of that Treaty of fully effective IAEA safeguards, as well as the importance of effective export controls. The members of the Council will take appropriate measures in the case of any violations notified to them by the IAEA.

"On chemical weapons, they support the efforts of the Geneva Conference with a view to reaching agreement on the conclusion, by the end of 1992, of a universal convention, including a verification regime, to prohibit chemical weapons.

"On conventional armaments, they note the General Assembly's vote in favour of a United Nations register of arms transfers as a first step, and in this connection recognize the importance of all States providing all the information called for in the General Assembly's resolution.

* * *

"In conclusion, the members of the Security Council affirm their determination to build on the initiative of their meeting in order to secure positive advances in promoting international peace and security. They agree that the United Nations Secretary-General has a crucial role to play. The members of the Council express their deep appreciation to the outgoing Secretary-General, His Excellency Mr. Javier Pérez de Cuéllar, for his outstanding contribution to the work of the United Nations, culminating in the signature of the El Salvador peace agreement. They welcome the new Secretary-General, His Excellency Dr. Boutros Boutros-Ghali, and note with satisfaction his intention to strengthen and improve the functioning of the United Nations. They pledge their full support to him, and undertake to work closely with him and his staff in fulfilment of their shared objectives, including a more efficient and effective United Nations system.

"The members of the Council agree that the world now has the best chance of achieving international peace and security since the foundation of the United Nations. They undertake to work in close cooperation with other United Nations Member States in their own efforts to achieve this, as well as to address urgently all the other problems, in particular those of economic and social development, requiring the collective response of the international community. They recognize that peace and prosperity are indivisible and that lasting peace and stability require effective international cooperation for the eradication of poverty and the promotion of a better life for all in larger freedom."

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SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL ON MATTERS OF WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND ON THE STAGE REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in document S/23370 and Corr.1 of 9 January 1992, S/23370/Add.1 of 17 January 1992 and S/23370/Add.3 of 7 February 1992.

During the week ending 8 February 1992 the Security Council took action on the following items:

Admission of new Members (see S/7382, S/7564, S/8301, S/8555, S/8815, S/8896, S/9961, S/10121, S/10296, S/10327, S/10351, S/10462, S/10762, S/10770/Add.1, S/10855/Add.25, S/10855/Add.29, S/11185/Add.22, S/11185/Add.23, S/11185/Add.24, S/11185/Add.31, S/11185/Add.32, S/11593/Add.31, S/11593/Add.32, S/11593/Add.33, S/11593/Add.38, S/11593/Add.39, S/11593/Add.41, S/11593/Add.48, S/11935/Add.25, S/11935/Add.33, S/11935/Add.36, S/11935/Add.45, S/11935/Add.46, S/11935/Add.47, S/11935/Add.48, S/12269/Add.27, S/12269/Add.29, S/12520/Add.32, S/12520/Add.48, S/13033/Add.36, S/13737/Add.7, S/13737/Add.30, S/14326/Add.27, S/14326/Add.38, S/14326/Add.45, S/15560/Add.38, S/16270/Add.7, S/21100/Add.15, S/21100/Add.32, S/22110/Add.31, S/22110/Add.36, S/23370/Add.2, S/23370/Add.3 and S/23370/Add.4)

At its 3047th meeting, on 5 February 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23511), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the application of the Republic of Moldova for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution

contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 739 (1992).

Resolution 739 (1992) reads as follows:

> The Security Council,
>
> Having examined the application of the Republic of Moldova for admission to the United Nations (S/23468),
>
> Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Moldova be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of the Republic of Moldova to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23516):

> "The Security Council has just recommended that the Republic of Moldova be admitted to membership in the United Nations. It is with great pleasure that, on behalf of the members of the Council, I congratulate the Republic of Moldova on this happy and historic occasion. We look forward to this further strengthening of the principle of universality.
>
> "The Council notes with great satisfaction Moldova's commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations. All the members of the Council look forward to the day, in the near future, when Moldova will join us as a member of the United Nations. We look forward to meeting the representatives of Moldova, and to working closely with them."

By a note dated 30 January 1992 (S/23489 and Corr.1), the Secretary-General circulated the application of Turkmenistan for membership in the United Nations, contained in a letter dated 20 January 1992 from the President of Turkmenistan addressed to the Secretary-General.

At its 3048th meeting, on 5 February 1992, in accordance with the provisions of rule 59 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council and in the absence of a proposal to the contrary, the President of the

Security Council referred the application of Turkmenistan to the Committee on the Admission of New Members for consideration and report.

At its 3050th meeting, on 7 February 1992, the Security Council had before it the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members (S/23523), unanimously recommending to the Council a draft resolution concerning the application of Turkmenistan for admission to membership in the United Nations.

At that meeting, in accordance with the understanding reached in prior consultations among members of the Council and upon a proposal by the President, the Security Council adopted without a vote the draft resolution contained in paragraph 4 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members as resolution 741 (1992).

Resolution 741 (1992) reads as follows:

> The Security Council,
>
> Having examined the application of Turkmenistan for admission to the United Nations (S/23489 and Corr.1),
>
> Recommends to the General Assembly that Turkmenistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations.

In accordance with the recommendation contained in paragraph 3 of the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members and in order to present its recommendation to the General Assembly at its resumed forty-sixth session, the Security Council decided to waive the time-limits set forth in the penultimate paragraph of rule 60 of its provisional rules of procedure.

The President stated that he would immediately convey the decision of the Security Council recommending the admission of Turkmenistan to membership in the United Nations to the Secretary-General for transmission to the General Assembly in accordance with the provisions of rule 60 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

The President then made the following statement on behalf of the members of the Security Council (S/23547):

> "I am pleased, on behalf of the members of the Council, to extend our congratulations to Turkmenistan on the occasion of the Council's recommendation that Turkmenistan be admitted to membership in the United Nations.
>
> "All the members of the Council are confident that Turkmenistan will make a significant contribution to the work of our Organization. We note with great satisfaction Turkmenistan's commitment to uphold and fulfil the purposes and principles of the United Nations Charter.

"I would also like to extend to Turkmenistan the warmest greetings of members of the Council."

Further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) (see also S/22110/Add.50 and S/23370/Add.1)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 3049th meeting, held on 7 February 1991, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the further report of the Secretary-General pursuant to Security Council resolution 721 (1991) (S/23513).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Yugoslavia, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to the provisional text of a draft resolution (S/23534), which had been prepared in the course of the Security Council's consultations. He also announced a number of revisions to the provisional text of the draft resolution.

The Security Council then proceeded to vote on the provisional text of the draft resolution (S/23483), as orally revised, and adopted it unanimously as resolution 740 (1992).

Resolution 740 (1992) reads as follows:

The Security Council,

Reaffirming its resolutions 713 (1991) of 25 September 1991, 721 (1991) of 27 November 1991, 724 (1991) of 15 December 1991 and 727 (1992) of 8 January 1992,

Noting the further Report of the Secretary-General of 5 February 1992 (S/23513) submitted pursuant to resolution 721 (1991) and welcoming his report that the cease-fire has been generally observed thus removing one of the obstacles to the deployment of a peace-keeping operation,

Taking note that the letter of President Franjo Tudjman of 6 February 1992, in which he accepts fully and unconditionally the Secretary-General's concept and plan which defines the conditions and areas where the United Nations force would be deployed, removes a further obstacle in that respect,

Further noting that the implementation of the United Nations peace-keeping plan, will facilitate the task of the Conference on Yugoslavia in reaching a political settlement,

Recalling its primary responsibility under the Charter of the United Nations for the maintenance of international peace and security,

Recalling also the provisions of Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations,

Expressing concern at the indications that the arms embargo established by the Security Council in resolution 713 (1991) is not being fully observed, as noted in paragraph 21 of the report of the Secretary-General (S/23513),

1. Reaffirms its approval set out in resolution 724 (1991) of the United Nations peace-keeping plan contained in the Report of the Secretary-General of 11 December 1991 (S/23280);

2. Welcomes the continuing efforts of the Secretary-General and his personal envoy to remove the remaining obstacle in the way of the deployment of a peace-keeping operation;

3. Approves the Secretary-General's proposal to increase the authorized strength of the military liaison mission to a total of 75 officers;

4. Requests the Secretary-General to expedite his preparations for a United Nations peace-keeping operation so as to be prepared to deploy immediately after the Security Council decides to do so;

5. Expresses its concern that the United Nations peace-keeping plan contained in the report of the Secretary-General of 11 December 1991 (S/23280) has not yet been fully and unconditionally accepted by all in Yugoslavia on whose cooperation its success depends;

6. Calls upon all States to continue to take all appropriate steps to ensure that the Yugoslav parties implement their unqualified acceptance of the United Nations peace-keeping plan, fulfil their commitments in good faith and cooperate fully with the Secretary-General;

7. Calls upon the Yugoslav parties to cooperate fully with the Conference on Yugoslavia in its aim of reaching a political settlement consistent with the principles of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and reaffirms that the United Nations peace-keeping plan and its implementation is in no way intended to prejudge the terms of a political settlement;

8. Calls upon all States to cooperate fully with the Committee established by resolution 724 (1991), including reporting any information brought to their attention concerning violations of the embargo;

9. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter until a peaceful solution is achieved.